

JULY 2025 – MARKET REVIEW

Kate Hennessy, CFP® Patrick R. Côté, CFA, CFP®

SusanPowers, CFA, CFP®, CPA



AssetGrade Market Summary – July 2025 The Revenge of Diversification

- The strong diversification story continued in the second quarter, as international and emerging markets outperformed the US markets. The declining US dollar (USD) and strong local currency had a positive effect on the international markets. When the USD declines, US investors get higher returns on foreign investments.
- The US Dollar (USD) is down 10% this year. The driving factor behind the weak USD is the reaction of global investors to trade tensions, rising deficit, and uncertainty over high tariffs and Federal reserve policy. In addition, as other countries raise rates (Eurozone) closer to US rates, the attractiveness of the USD declined.
- Every ten years or so, the US and International markets trade off on who the top performer is. The weak dollar & strong local currencies have boosted international returns.
- There is still income to be had in fixed income. Investors do not have to go far out on the risk spectrum to generate reasonable yields.
- The expensive Magnificent 7 stocks sold off in the first quarter and now represent 21% of the S&P 500 returns. A disciplined rebalancing strategy is important. Extended periods without rebalancing can lead to a portfolio being more aggressive than intended.
- It's normal to hit all time highs (ATH) and it's not an excuse not to invest. 29% of ATH become market floors and you never see those ATH again. When looking beyond 1 year returns, investors that invested at ATH outperformed others.

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Asset class returns

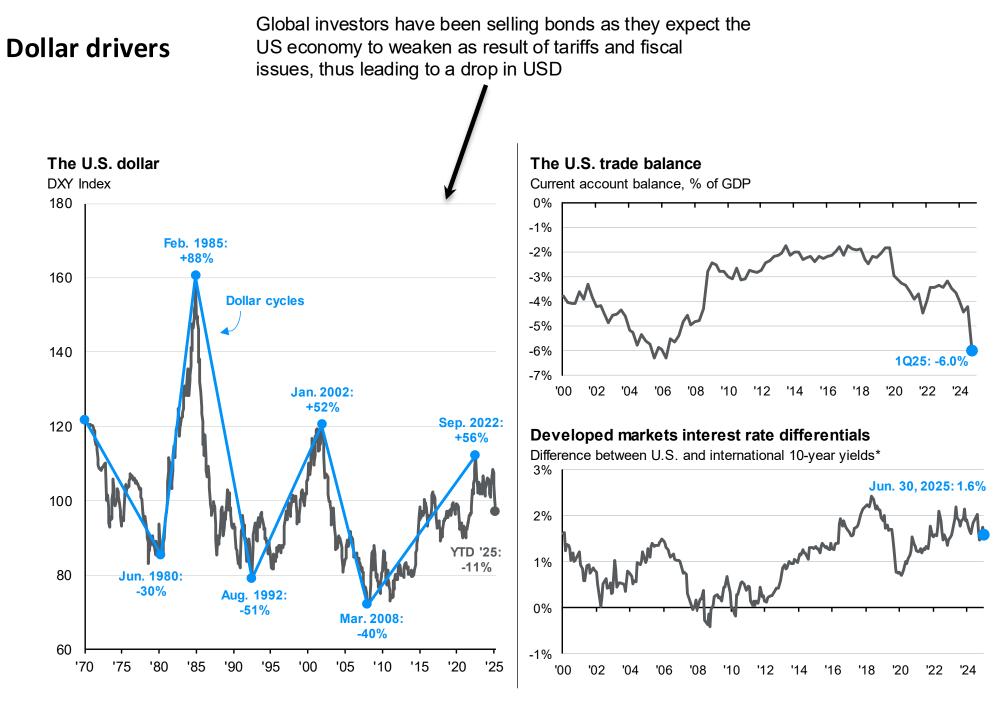
International markets were best performers in Second Quarter 2025

2010-	-2024																Y
Ann.	Vol.	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD
Large	Sm all	REITS	REITS	REITS	Small	REITS	REITS	Small	EM	Cash	Large	Small	REITS	Comdty.	Large	Large	DM
Cap 13.9%	Cap 20.6%	27.9%	8.3%	19.7%	Cap 38.8%	28.0%	2.8%	Cap 21.3%	Equity 37.8%	1.8%	Cap 31.5%	Cap 20.0%	41.3%	16.1%	Cap 26.3%	Cap 25.0%	Equity 19.9%
Small	EM	Small	Fixe d	High	Large	Large	Large	High	DM	Fixed		EM	Large		DM	Small	EM
Сар	Equity	Сар	Income	Yield	Сар	Сар	Сар	Yield	Equity	Income	REITS	Equity	Сар	Cash	Equity	Сар	Equity
10.3%	17.9%	26.9%	7.8%	19.6%	32.4%	13.7%	1.4%	14.3%	25.6%	0.0%	28.7%	18.7%	28.7%	1.5%	18.9%	11.5%	15.6%
REITS	REITS	EM	High	EM	DM	Fixed	Fixe d	Large	Large	REITS	Small	Large	Comdty.	High	Small	Asset	Asset
9.4%	16.8%	Equity 19.2%	Yield 3.1%	Equity 18.6%	Equity 23.3%	Income 6.0%	Income 0.5%	Cap 12.0%	Cap 21.8%	-4.0%	Cap 25.5%	Cap 18.4%	27.1%	Yield -12.7%	Cap 16.9%	Allec. 10.0%	Alloc. 7.0%
Asset	DM		Large	DM	Asset	Asset			Small	High	DM	Asset	Small	Fixed	Asset	High	High
Alloc.	Equity	Comdty.	Сар	Equity	All e c.	All e ç.	Cash	Comdty.	Сар	Yield	Equity	Alfoc.	Сар	Income	Allec.	Yield	Yield
7.2%	16.5%	16.8%	2.1%	17.9%	14.9%	5.2%	0.0%	11.8%	14.6%	-4.1%	22.7%	10.6%	14.8%	-13.0%	14.1%	9.2%	6.8%
High	Comdty.	Large	Cash	Small	High	Small	DM	EM	Asset	Large	Asset	DM	Asset	Asset	High	EM	Large
Yield	10 10	Сар	0.40/	Сар	Yield	Сар	Equity	Equity	All Bc.	Сар	Allec.	Equity			Yield	Equity	Сар
5.9%	16.1%	15.1%	0.1%	16.3%	7.3%	4.9%	-0.4%	11.6%	14.6%	-4.4%	19.5%	8.3%	13.5%	-13.9%	14.0%	8.1%	6.2%
DM Equity	Large Cap	High Yield	Asset Al l eç.	Large Cap	REITS	Cash	Asset Al R c.	REITS	/ High Yield	Asset Alec.	EM Equity	Fixed Income	DM Equity	DM Equity	REITS	Comdty.	Comdty.
5.7%	15.1%	14.8%	-0.7%	16.0%	2.9%	0.0%	-2.0%	8.6%	10.4%	-5.8%	18.9%	7.5%	11.8%	-14.0%	11.4%	5.4%	5.5%
EM	Asset	Asset	Small	Asset	Cash	High	High	Asset	REITS	Sm all	High	High	High	Large	EM	Cash	Fixed
Equity	Alloc.	Allec.	Сар	Alloc.	Cash	Yield	Yield	Allec.	REITS	Сар	Yield	Yield	Yield	Сар	Equity	Cash	Income
3.4%	10.4%	13.3%	-4.2%	12.2%	0.0%	0.0%	-2.7%	8.3%	8.7%	-11.0%	12.6%	7.0%	1.0%	-18.1%	10.3%	5.3%	4.0%
Fixed	High	DM	DM	Fixed	Fixed	EM	Small	Fixed	Fixed	Comdty.	Fixed	Cash	Cash	EM	Fixed	REITS	Cash
Income 2.4%	Yield 9.4%	Equity 8.2%	Equity -11.7%	Income 4.2%	Income -2.0%	Equity -1.8%	Cap -4.4%	Income 2.6%	Income 3.5%	-11.2%	Income 8.7%	0.5%	0.0%	Equity -19.7%	Income 5.5%	4.9%	2.1%
2.4 /0			-11.7 /0	4.2 /0		-1.8 %			3.5%		0.7 /0	0.5 /0			5.5 /6		Z . 1 /0
Cash	Fixed Income	Fixed Income	Comdty.	Cash	EM Equity	Equity	EM Equity	DM Equity	Comdty.	DM Equity	Comdty.	Comdty.	Fixed Income	Small Cap	Cash	DM Equity	REITS
1.2%	4.7%	6.5%	-13.3%	0.1%	-2.3%	-4.5%	-14.6%	1.5%	1.7%	-13.4%	7.7%	-3.1%	-1.5%	-20.4%	5.1%	4.3%	1.8%
Comdty.	Cash	Cash	EM	Comdty.	Comdty.	Comdty.	Comdty.	Cash	Cash	EM	Cash	REITs	EM	REITs	Comdty.	Fixed	Small
			Equity							Equity			Equity			Income	Сар
-1.0%	0.9%	0.1%	-18.2%	-1.1%	-9.5%	-17.0%	-24.7%	0.3%	0.8%	-14.2%	2.2%	-5.1%	-2.2%	-24.9%	-7.9%	1.3%	-1.8%

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, NAREIT, Russell, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Large Cap: S&P 500, Small Cap: Russell 2000, EM Equity: MSCI EME, DM Equity: MSCI EAFE, Comdty: Bloomberg Commodity Index, High Yield: Bloomberg Global HY Index, Fixed Income: Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate, REITs: NAREIT Equity REIT Index, Cash: Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio is for illustrative purposes only and assumes annual rebalancing with the following weights: 25% in the S&P 500, 10% in the Russell 2000, 15% in the MSCI EAFE, 5% in the MSCI EME, 25% in the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate, 5% in the Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity Index, and 5% in the NAREIT Equity REIT Index. Annualized (Ann.) return and volatility (Vol.) represents the period from 12/31/2009 to 12/31/2024. Please see the disclosure page at the end for index definitions. All data represent total return for stated period. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2025.

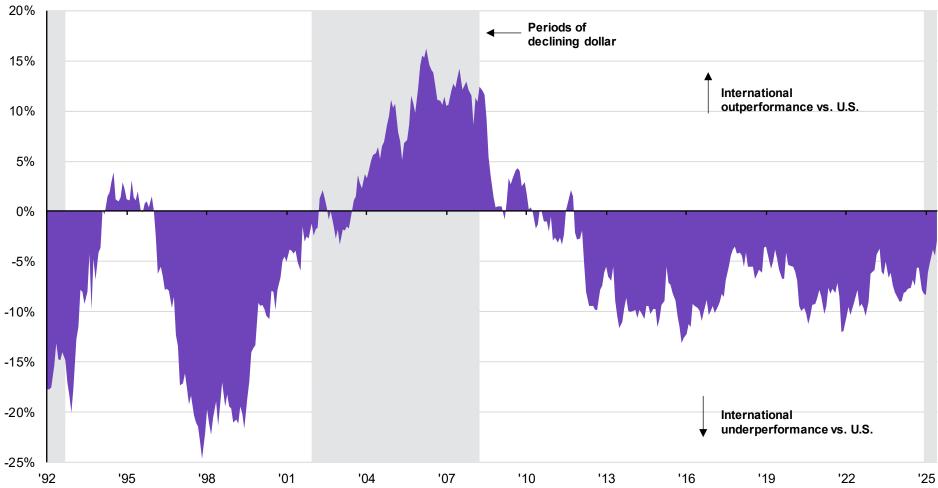




Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management; (Left) ICE; (Top right) BEA; (Bottom right) BIS. Currencies in the DXY Index are: British pound, Canadian dollar, euro, Japanese yen, Swedish krona and Swiss franc. *Interest rate differential is the difference between the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield and a basket of the 10-year yields of each major trading partner (Australia, Canada, eurozone, Japan, Sweden, Switzerland and UK). Weights in the basket are calculated using the 10-year average of total government bonds outstanding in each region. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2025.



Global equity performance and the U.S. dollar



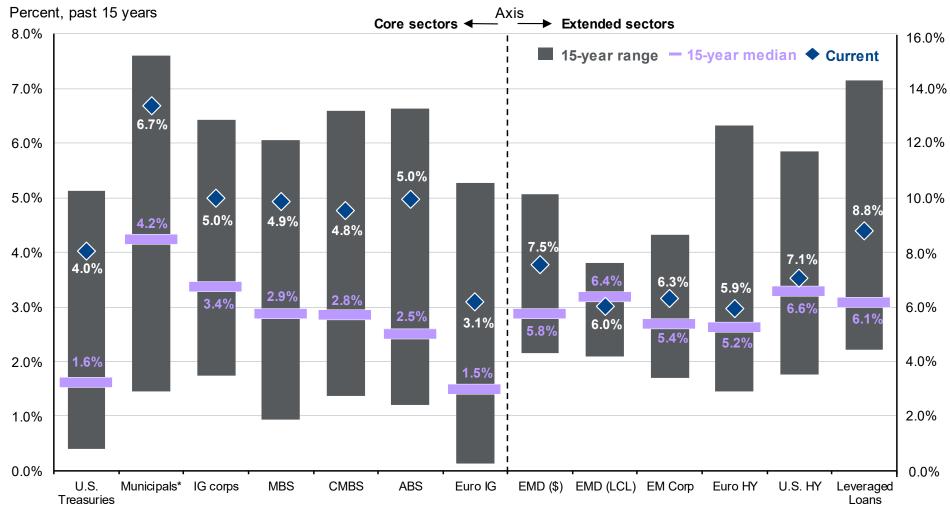
Cycles of international outperformance and the U.S. dollar

International out/underperformance versus U.S., MSCI AC World ex-U.S., S&P 500, total return, USD, rolling 3-yrs. ann.

Source: FactSet, MSCI, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2025.



Fixed income yields



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Yield-to-worst across fixed income sectors

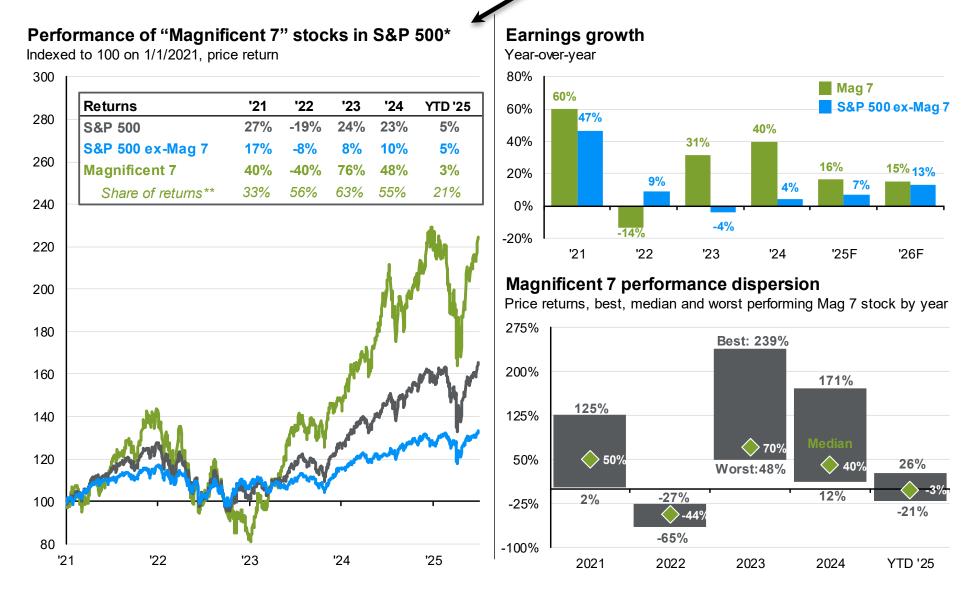
Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Credit Research, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Indices used are Bloomberg except for ABS, emerging market debt and leveraged loans: ABS: J.P. Morgan ABS Index; CMBS: Bloomberg Investment Grade CMBS Index; EMD (USD): J.P. Morgan EMIGLOBAL Diversified Index; EMD (LCL): J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index; EM Corp.: J.P. Morgan CEMBI Broad Diversified; Leveraged Loans: JPM Leveraged Loan Index; Euro IG: Bloomberg Euro Aggregate Corporate Index; Euro HY: Bloomberg Pan-European High Yield Index. Yield-to-worst is the lowest possible yield that can be received on a bond apart from the company defaulting and considers factors like call provisions, prepayments and other features that may affect the bonds' cash flows. ABS data begins in 2012. *All sectors shown are yield-to-worst except for Municipals, which is based on the tax-equivalent yield-to-worst assuming a top-income tax bracket rate of 37% plus a Medicare tax rate of 3.8%. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2025.

The expensive Mag 7 stocks sold off in Q1. Now the Mag 7 stocks only represent 21%

Magnificent 7 performance and earnings dynamics of the S&P 500 returns, down from 63%

in 2023.



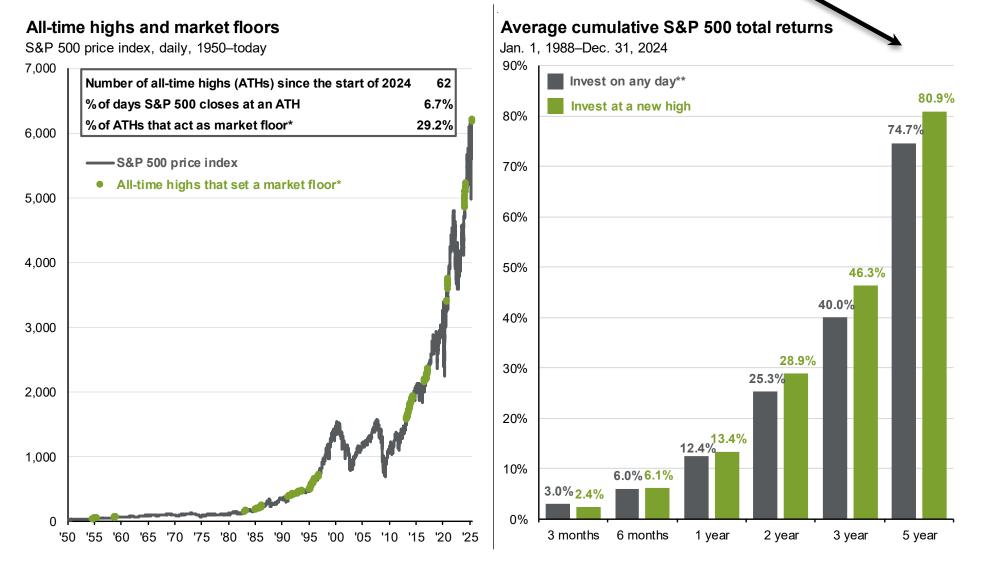
Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

*Magnificent 7 includes AAPL, AMZN, GOOGL/GOOG, META, MSFT, NVDA and TSLA. Earnings estimates for 2025 and 2026 reflect consensus analyst expectations, provided by FactSet. **Share of returns represent how much each group contributed to the overall return. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of June 30, 2025.



Investing at all-time highs

Most investors that invest at a new high outperform investors that invest on any day. It's normal to hit all time highs, and not an excuse to sit on the sidelines.



Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

(Left) *Market floor is defined as an all-time high from which the market never fell more than 5%. (Right) **"Invest on any day" represents average of forward returns for the entire time period whereas "Invest at a new high" represents average of rolling forward returns calculated from each new S&P 500 high for the subsequent 3-month, 6-month, 1-year, 2-year, 3-year and 5-year intervals, with data starting 1/1/1988 through 12/31/2024. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of June 30, 2025.



Appendix



Disclosures

Certifie d Financial Plan nersTM (CFP®) are licensed by the CFP® Boa rd to use the CFP® mark. CFP® certification req uirements include: Bachelo r's degree from an accr edited college or university, completion of the financial plan ning edu cation req uirements set by the CFP® Boa rd to use the CFP® mark. CFP® certification req uirements include: Bachelo r's degree from an accr edited college or university, completion of the financial plan ning edu cation req uirements set by the CFP® Boa rd (www.cfp.net), successfu I completion of the CFP® Certification Exam, comprised of two three-hou r session s, experie nce requirement: 6,000 hours of pro fessional experie nce related to the financial plan ning pro cess, or 4,000 hours of Apprenticeship experie nce that meets addition al req uirements, successfu II pass the Candidate Fitness Standa rds and backgroun d check, agree ann ually to be bound by CFP® Boa rd's Standa rds of Pro fessional Conduct, and complete 30 hours of continuing edu cation every two years, including two hours on the Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct.

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All indexes are unmanaged, and an individual cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not include fees or expenses.

Equities:

The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip U.S. stocks.

The MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) is a free foat-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets.

The MSCI EAFE Index(Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets.

The MSCI Europe Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure developed market equity performance in Europe.

The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the Pacific region.

The Russell 1000 Index® measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000.

The Russell 1000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 1000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Index® measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index.

The Russell 2000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 3000 Index® measures the performance of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization.

The Russell Midcap Index® measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.

The Russell Midcap Growth Index (8) measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Growth index.

The Russell Midcap Value Index ® measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Value index.

The S&P 500 Index is widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S.equities market. The indexincludes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S.economy. The S&P 500 Index focuses on the large-cap segment of the market; however, since it includes a significant portion of the total value of the market, it also represents the market.

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Fixed income:

The Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index includes all publicly issued zero-coupon US Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding facevalue. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non convertible.

The **Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index** is a multi-currency flagship measure of the global high yield debt market. The index represents the union of the US High Yield, the Pan-European High Yield, and Emerging Markets (EM) Hard Currency High Yield Indices. The high yield and emerging markets sub-components are mutually exclusive. Until January 1, 2011, the index also included CMBS high yield securities. The **Bloomberg Barclays Municipal Index**: consists of a broad selection of investment-grade general obligation and revenue bonds of maturities ranging from one year to 30 years. It is an unmanaged index representative of the tax-exempt bond market.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Dollar Floating Rate Note (FRN) Index provides a measure of the U.S. dollar denominated floating rate note market.

The **Bloomberg Barclays US Corporate Investment Grade Index** is an unmanaged index consisting of publicly issued US Corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB or higher) by at least two ratings agencies, have at least one year to final maturity and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding. To qualify, bonds must be SEC- registered. The **Bloomberg Barclays US High Yield Index** covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Mortgage Backed Securities Index is an unmanaged index that measures the performance of investment grade fixed-rate mortgage backed pass-through securities of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC.

The Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Global Index (EMBI) includes U.S. dollar denominated Brady bonds, Eurobonds, traded loans and local market debt instruments issued by sovereign and quasisovereign entities.

The J.P. Morgan Domestic High Yield Index is designed to mirror the investable universe of the U.S. dollar domestic high yield corporate debt market.

The J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (CEMBI Broad Diversified) is an expansion of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index (CEMBI). The CEMBI is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of U.S. dollar denominated emerging market corporate bonds.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBI Global Diversified) tracks total returns for U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasisovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds. The index limits the exposure of some of the larger countries.

The J.P. Morgan GBI EM Global Diversified tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments, whose debt is accessible by most of the international investor base.

Other asset classes: The Alerian MLP Index is a composite of the 50 most prominent energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) that provides investors with an unbiased, comprehensive benchmark for the asset class. The Bloomberg Commodity Index and related sub-indices are composed of futures contracts on physical commodities and represents twenty two separate commodities traded on U.S. exchanges, with the exception of aluminum, nickel, and zinc. The Cambridge Associates U.S. Global Buyout and Growth Index® is based on data compiled from 1,768 global (U.S. & ex - U.S.) buyout and growth equity funds, including fully liquidated partnerships, formed between 1986 and 2013. The CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index is compiled by Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. It is an asset-weighted hedge fund index and includes only funds, as opposed to separate accounts. The Index uses the Credit Suisse/Tremont database, which tracks over 4500 funds, and consists only of funds with a minimum of US\$50 million under management, a 12-month track record, and audited financial statements. It is calculated and rebalanced on a monthly basis, and shown net of all performance fees and expenses. It is the exclusive property of Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. The HFRI Monthly Indices (HFRI) are equally weighted performance indexes, utilized by numerous hedge fund managers as a benchmark for their own hedge funds. The HFRI are broken down into 4 main strategies, each with multiple sub strategies. All single-manager HFRI Index constituents are included in the HFRI Fund Weighted Composite, which accounts for over 2200 funds listed on the internal HFR Database. The NAREIT EQUITY REIT index is designed to provide the most comprehensive assessment of overall industry performance and includes all tax-qualified real estate investment trusts (REITs) that are listed on the NYSE, the American Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ National Market List. The NFIODCE, short for NCREIF Fund Index - Open End Diversified Core Equity, is an index of investment returns reporting on both a historical and current basis the results of 33 open-end commingled funds pursuing a core investment strategy, some of which have performance histories dating back to the 1970s. The NF4ODCE Index is capitalization-weighted and is reported gross of fees. Measurement is time-weighted.

The U.S. Treasury Index is a component of the U.S. Government index.

Past performance cannot guarantee future results.

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