

APRIL 2025 – MARKET REVIEW

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AssetGrade Market Summary – APRIL 2025

International markets shined bright amidst the downturn of the US markets

- Diversification worked in the first quarter, as international stocks outperformed their US counterparts by 11%, the widest margin of outperformance since 1989. International stocks haven't outperformed their US counterparts since 2017.
- When tariffs increase, inflation may increase and growth may slow leading to an uptick in the unemployment rate. Interest rates may fall causing a drop in mortgage rates.
- The consumer still represents 68% of GDP. A drop in consumer confidence and business confidence, coupled with the tariffs may lead to a drop in GDP growth in the second quarter 2025.
- International stocks remain undervalued relative to their US counterparts. Most sectors across the board are trading at discount relative to the US.
- Bond yields fell in the first quarter 2025 and bond prices increased. There is an inverse relationship between yields and prices. Yields likely dropped as investors were concerned about a slowdown of economic growth and flocked to safer assets.
- In periods of uncertainty and volatility, a disciplined rebalancing strategy is more important than ever. Extended periods without rebalancing can lead to a portfolio being more or less aggressive than you intended.

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Asset class returns

Commodities were best performing asset class in First Quarter 2025

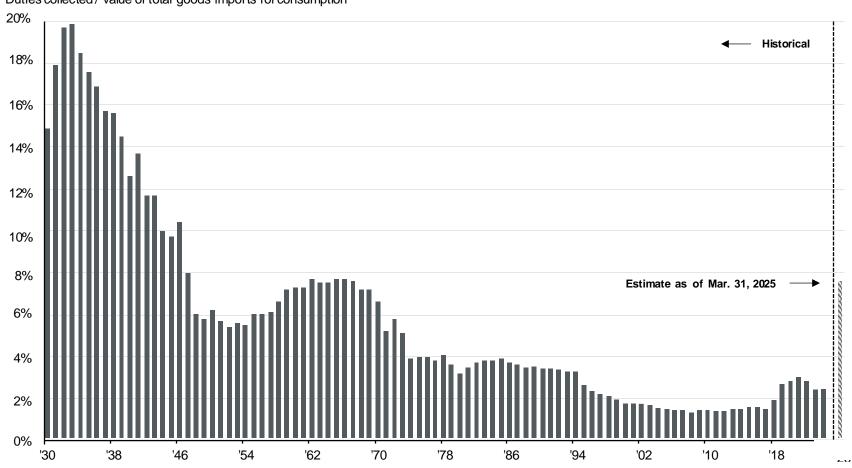
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2010	0–2024																\searrow
Ann.	Vol.	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD
Large	Small	REITs	REITs	REITs	Small	REITs	REITs	Small	EM	Cash	Large	Small	REITs	Comdty.	Large	Large	Comdty.
Cap	Cap				Cap			Cap	Equity		Сар	Cap			Cap	Cap	
13.9%	20.6%	27.9%	8.3%	19.7%	38.8%	28.0%	2.8%	21.3%	37.8%	1.8%	31.5%	20.0%	41.3%	16.1%	26.3%	25.0%	8.9%
Small	EM	Small	Fixed	High	Large	Large	Large	High	DM	Fixed	REITs	EM	Large	Cash	DM	Small	DM
Cap 10.3%	Equity 17.9%	Cap 26.9%	Income 7.8%	Yield 19.6%	Cap 32.4%	Cap 13.7%	Cap 1.4%	Yield 14.3%	Equity 25.6%	Income 0.0%	28.7%	Equity 18.7%	Cap 28.7%	1.5%	Equity 18.9%	Cap 11.5%	Equity 7.0%
10.3%	17.9%									0.0%			20.170				
REITs	REITs	EM	High Yield	EM	DM	Fixed Income	Fixed Income	Large Cap	Large Cap	REITs	Small	Large Cap	Comdty.	High Yield	Small Cap	Asset Allec.	EM
9.4%	16.8%	Equity 19.2%	3.1%	Equity 18.6%	Equity 23.3%	6.0%	0.5%	12.0%	21.8%		Cap 25.5%	Сар 18.4%	27.1%		16.9%	10.0%	Equity 3.0%
		1 3.2 /0				Asset	0.070	12.070		-4.0%				-12.7%		/	Fixed
Asset	DM	Comdty.	Large	DM	Asset	Aliec.	Cash	Comdty.	Small	High	DM	Asset Altos,	Small	Fixed	Asset	High	
Alloc. 7.2%	Equity 16.5%	16.8%	Cap 2.1%	Equity 17.9%	All 9%	5.2%	0.0%	11.8%	Cap 14.6%	Yield -4.1%	Equity 22.7%	10.6%	Cap 14.8%	Income -13.0%	Alf e c. 14.1%	Yield 9.2%	Income 2.8%
High	10.070	Large		Small	High	Small	DM	EM	Asset	Large	Asset /	DM	Asset	Asset /	High	EM	
Yield	Comdty.	Сар	Cash	Сар	Yield	Сар	Equity	Equity	Allec.	Cap	Allec.	Equity	Allec		Yield	Equity	REITs
5.9%	16.1%	15.1%	0.1%	16.3%	7.3%	4.9%	-0.4%	11.6%	14.6%	-4.4%	19.5%	8.3%	13.5%	-13.9%	14.0%	8.1%	2.8%
DM	Large	High	Asset	Large /			Asset		High	Asset	EM	Fixed	DM	DM			High
Equity	Сар	Yield	Allec.	Cap /	REITs	Cash	Alleç.	REITS	Yield	Allec.	Equity	Income	Equity	Equity	REITs	Comdty.	Yield
5.7%	15.1%	14.8%	0.7%	16.0%	2.9%	0.0%	-2.0%	8.6%	10.4%	-5.8%	18.9%	7.5%	11.8%	-14.0%	11.4%	5.4%	1.8%
EM	Asset	Asset	Small	Asset	Cash	High	High	Asset	REITs	Small	High	High	High	Large	EM	Cash	Cash
Equity	Alloc.	All O c.	Сар	Albc.	Gaan	Yield	Yield	Allec.	NEITS	Сар	Yield	Yield	Yield	Сар	Equity	Gaan	Casil
3.4%	10.4%	13.3%	-4.2%	12.2%	0.0%	0.0%	-2.7%	8.3%	8.7%	-11.0%	12.6%	7.0%	1.0%	-18.1%	10.3%	5.3%	1.0%
Fixed	High	DM	DM	Fixed	Fixed	EM	Small	Fixed	Fixed	A 14	Fixed	Cash	Cash	EM	Fixed	REITs	Asset
Income	Yield	Equity	Equity	Income	Income	Equity	Сар	Income	Income	Comdty.	Income			Equity	Income		Alloc.
2.4%	9.4%	8.2%	-11.7%	4.2%	-2.0%	-1.8%	-4.4%	2.6%	3.5%	-11.2%	8.7%	0.5%	0.0%	-19.7%	5.5%	4.9%	0.6%
Cash	Fixed	Fixed	Comdty.	Cash	EM	DM	EM	DM	Comdty.	DM	Comdty.	Comdty.	Fixed	Small	Cash	DM	Large
4.00/	Income	Income		0.40/	Equity	Equity	Equity	Equity	4 70/	Equity	7 70/	Contacy.	Income	Сар	E 40/	Equity	Сар
1.2%	4.7%	6.5%	-13.3%	0.1%	-2.3%	-4.5%	-14.6%	1.5%	1.7%	-13.4%	7.7%	-3.1%	-1.5%	-20.4%	5.1%	4.3%	-4.3%
Comdty.	Cash	Cash	EM	Comdty.	Comdty.	Comdtv.	Comdty.	Cash	Cash	EM	Cash	REITs	EM	REITs	Comdty.	Fixed	Small
-			Equity							Equity			Equity			Income	Сар
-1.0%	0.9%	0.1%	-18.2%	-1.1%	-9.5%	-17.0%	-24.7%	0.3%	0.8%	-14.2%	2.2%	-5.1%	-2.2%	-24.9%	-7.9%	1.3%	-9.5%

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, NAREIT, Russell, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Large cap: S&P 500, Small cap: Russell 2000, EM Equity: MSCI EME, DM Equity: MSCI EAFE, Comdty: Bloomberg Commodity Index, High Yield: Bloomberg Global HY Index, Fixed Income: Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate, REITs: NAREIT Equity REIT Index, Cash: Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio assumes the following weights: 25% in the S&P 500, 10% in the Russell 2000, 15% in the MSCI EME, 5% in the MSCI EME, 25% in the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate, 5% in the Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury. 5% in the Bloomberg Global HY Index, Fixed High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity Index and 5% in the NAREIT Equity REIT Index. Balanced portfolio assumes annual rebalancing. Annualized (Ann.) return and volatility (Vol.) represents period from 12/31/2009 to 12/31/2024. Please see disclosure page at end for index definitions. All data represents total return for stated period. The "Asset Allocation" apticling in facility theorem. Best patient and and the disclosure page at end for index definitions. All data represents total return for stated period. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio is for illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.



Tariffs on U.S. imports



Average tariff rate on U.S. goods imports for consumption

Duties collected / value of total goods imports for consumption

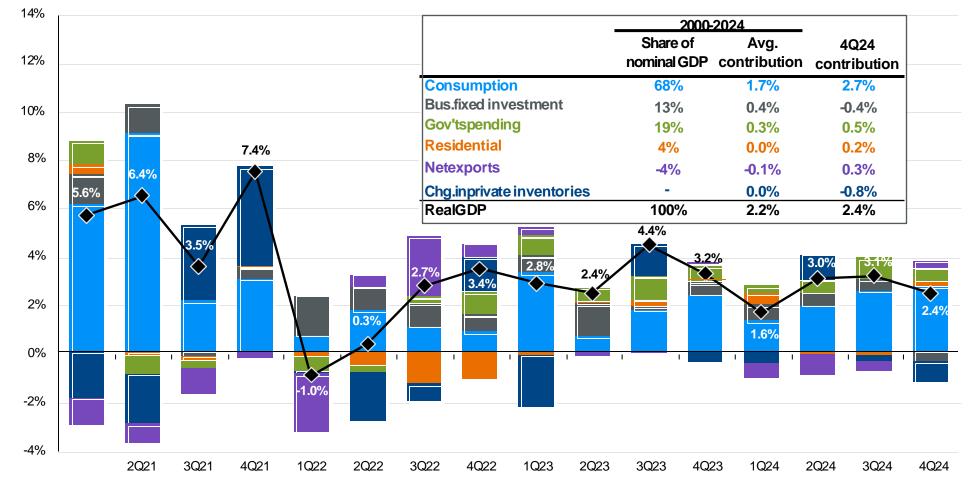
Source: Goldman Sachs Investment Research, United States International Trade Commission, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. For illustrative purposes only. The estimated weighted average U.S. tariff rate includes the latest tariff announcements (25% tariffs on steel and aluminum imports, an additional 20% tariff on Chinese imports, and a 25% tariff on non-compliant Mexican and Canadian imports). Estimates about which goods are USMCA compliant come from Goldman Sachs Investment Research. Imports for consumption: goods brought into a country for direct use or sale in the domestic market. The estimate does not consider non-tariff barriers, such as value-added taxes. Figures are based on 2024 import levels and assume no change in demand due to tariff increases. Forecasts are based on current data and assumptions about future economic conditions. Actual results may differ materially due to changes in economic, market, and other conditions. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.



Components of GDP growth

Contributors to real GDP growth

Quarter-over-quarter, seasonally adjusted annualized rate

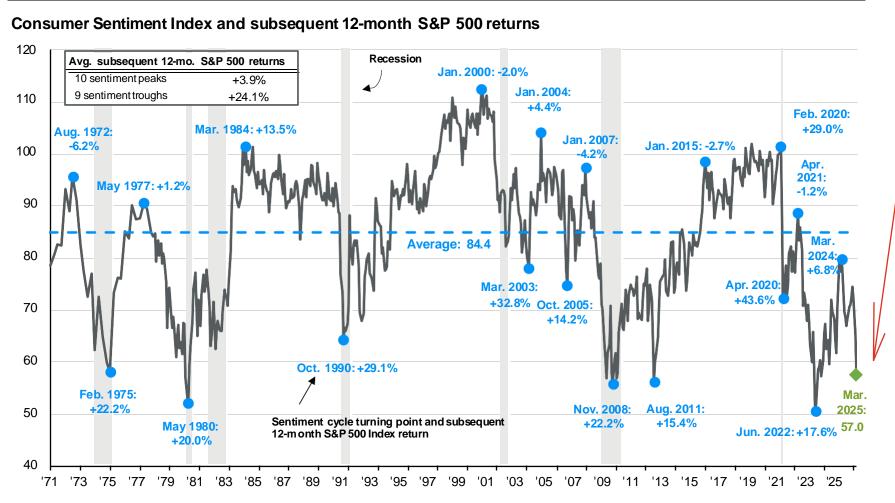


Source: BEA, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.



The consumer represents more than 2/3 of GDP, a drop in consumer confidence may lead to a slowdown of the economy.

Consumer confidence and the stock market



Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, University of Michigan, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Peak is defined as the highest index value before a series of lower lows, while a trough is defined as the lowest index value before a series of higher highs. Subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns are price returns only starting from the end of the month and excluding dividends. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of March 31, 2025.



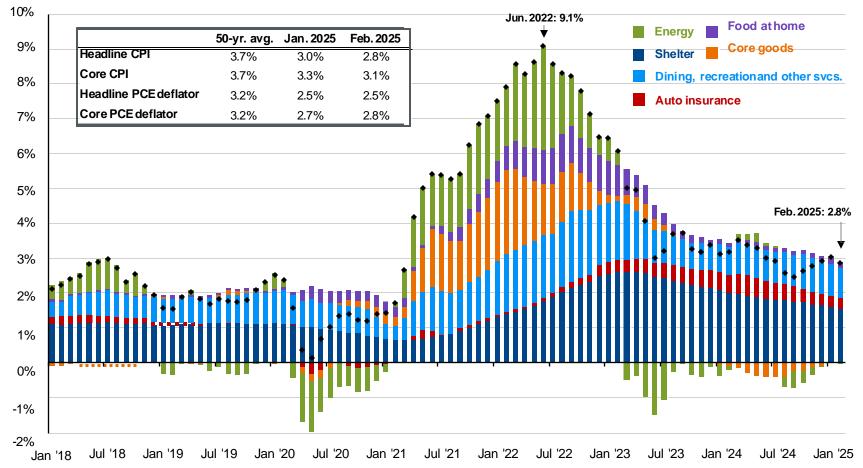
Inflation components

Shelter inflation (rents) dropped in the first quarter, but overall Core CPI Inflation increased.



Contributors to headline CPI inflation

Contribution to y/y % change in CPI, non-seasonally adjusted



Source: BLS, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Contributions mirror the BLS methodology on Table 7 of the CPI report. Values may not sum to headline CPI figures due to rounding and underlying calculations. "Shelter" includes owners' equivalent rent, rent of primary residence and home insurance. "Food at home" includes alcoholic beverages. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.



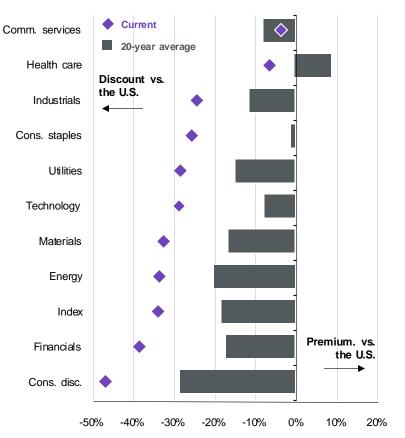
International equity valuations vs. U.S.

International: Price-to-earnings discount vs. U.S.

MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. vs. S&P 500, next 12 months 10% 20-yr. avg. Current P/E ratio P/E ratio S&P500 15.9x 20.2x 5% ACWI ex-U.S. 13.1x 13.4x 0% -5% +1 Std. dev.: -8.0% -10% -15% Average: -18.0% -20% -25% -1 Std. dev.: -28.0% -30% -35% -2 Std. dev.: -38.0% Mar. 31 -40% 2025: -33.6% -45% '19 '21 '23 '25 '05 '07 '09 '11 '13 '15 '17

Source: FactSet, MSCI, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.

International: Price-to-earnings discount vs. the U.S. by sector MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. minus S&P 500, next 12 months







US Fixed Income market saw a drop in bond yields, as investors flocked to safer assets

Fixed income market dynamics

	Yi	eld	Return												
U.S. Treasuries	3/31/2025	12/31/2024	2025	Avg. Maturity	Correlation to 10-year	Correlation to S&P 500									
2-Year	3.89%	4.25%	1.59%	2 years	0.74	0.01	2Y UST				3.9⁵%8% 2.0%				
5-Year	3.96%	4.38%	3.00%	5	0.94	-0.02	5Y UST		-0.5%	. I	4.0% 8.5%				
TIPS	1.62%	2.13%	4.17%	7.3	0.74	0.34	TIPS		-1.1%		3.8% 8.7%				
10-Year	4.23%	4.58%	3.99%	10	1.00	-0.07	10Y UST		-3.7%		4.2%				
30-Year	4.59%	4.78%	4.28%	30	0.93	-0.10	30Y UST	-11.6%			4.6%				
Secto r							U.S. Aggregate		-1.5%		4.6%				
U.S. Aggregate	4.60%	4.91%	2.78%	8.4	0.90	0.26	IG Corps		-1.7%		5.2% 12.0%	5			
IG Corps	5.15%	5.33%	2.31%	10.6	0.69	0.47	Convertibles				7.5% 5.5% 4.2%				
Convertibles	5.54%	6.13%	-1.29%	-	-0.03	0.86	U.S. HY				7.7%10.8%				
U.S. HY	7.73%	7.49%	1.00%	4.7	0.10	0.79	Municipals		-2.7%		4.7% 3.9%				
Municipals	3.85%	3.74%	-0.22%	13.4	0.73	0.27	MBS				<u>4.9%</u> 10.9%				
MBS	4.92%	5.27%	3.06%	7.7	0.81	0.26	ABS	_	-1.0% 5 fall		7.0% 5.1%				
ABS	5.08%	5.38%	1.70%	2.2	0.42	0.24	Leveraged Loans		change ise		3.1%				
Leveraged Loans	9.03%	8.68%	0.48%	4.7	-0.22	0.62	-20	0/ 1	0%	0%	9.4% 10%				

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, Standard & Poor's, U.S. Treasury, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Sectors shown above are provided by Bloomberg unless otherwise noted and are represented by – U.S. Aggregate; MBS: U.S. Aggregate Securitized – MBS; ABS: J.P. Morgan ABS Index; IG Corporates: U.S. Corporates; Municipals: Muni Bond; High Yield: Corporate High Yield; Leveraged Loans: J.P. Morgan Leveraged Loan Index; TIPS: Treasury Inflation-Protected Securitize; Convertibles: U.S. Convertibles Composite. Convertibles yield is as of most recent month-end and is based on U.S. portion of Bloomberg Global Convertibles Index. Yield and return information based on bellwethers for Treasury securities. Yields shown for TIPS are real yields. TIPS returns consider the impact that inflation could have on returns by assuming the Cleveland Fed's 1-year inflation expectation forecasts are realized. Sector yields reflect yield-to-worst. Leveraged loan yields reflect the yield to 3Y takeout. Correlations are based on 15-years of monthly returns for all sectors. ABS returns prior to June 2012 are sourced from Bloomberg. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

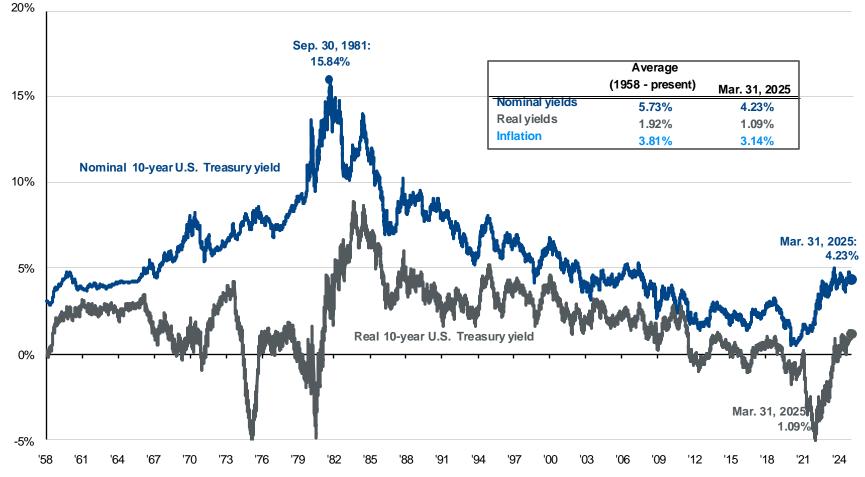
Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of March 31, 2025.



30%

20.8%

Interest rates and inflation



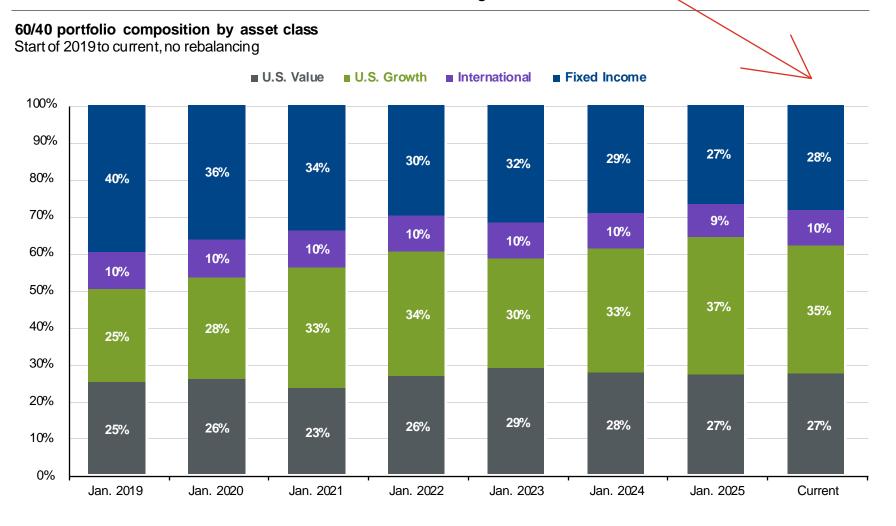
Nominal and real U.S. 10-year Treasury yields

Source: BLS, FactSet, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Real 10-year Treasury yields are calculated as the daily Treasury yield less year-over-year core CPI inflation for that month. For the current month, we use the prior month's core CPI figures until the latest data are available. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of March 31, 2025.



It's important to rebalance your portfolio periodically. A "let it ride" strategy for a 2019 60 equity/40 fixed income portfolio would be 72% equities/28% fixed income in 2025 with a growth tilt.

60/40 portfolio drift



Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, Russell, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Standard asset allocation at the start of 2019 assumes 60% weight to global equities and 40% to U.S. fixed Income. U.S. Value: Equal-weighted Russell 1000 Value and Russell 2000 Value, U.S. Growth: Equal-weighted Russell 2000 Value and Russell 2000 Growth, International: MSCI ACWI ex-US, Fixed Income: 10% Bloomberg Global HY Index and 30% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of March 31, 2025.



Appendix



Disclosures

Certific d Financial Plan nersTM (CFP®) are licensed by the CFP® Boa rd to use the CFP® mark. CFP® certification req uirements include: Bachelo r's degree from an accr edited college or university, completion of the financial plan ning edu cation req uirements set by the CFP® Boa rd <u>(www.cfp.net)</u>, successfu I completion of the CFP® Certification Exam, comprised of two three-hou r session s, experie nce requirement: 6,000 hours of pro fessional experie nce related to the financial plan ning pro cess, or 4,000 hours of Apprenticeship experie nce that meets addition al req uirements, successfu II pass the Candidate Fitness Standa rds and backgroun d check, agree ann ually to be bound by CFP® Boa rd's Standa rds of Pro fessional Conduct, and complete 30 hours of continuing edu cation every two years, including two hours on the Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct.

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All indexes are unmanaged, and an individual cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not include fees or expenses.

Equities:

The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip U.S. stocks.

The MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets.

The MSCI EAFE Index(Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets.

The MSCI Europe Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure developed market equity performance in Europe.

The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the Pacific region.

The Russell 1000 Index® measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000.

The Russell 1000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 1000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Index® measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index.

The Russell 2000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 3000 Index® measures the performance of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization.

The Russell Midcap Index® measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.

The Russell Midcap Growth Index. The stocks are also members of the Russell Midcap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Growth index.

The Russell Midcap Value Index ® measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Value index.

The S&P 500 Index is widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market. The index includes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. The S&P 500 Index focuses on the large-cap segment of the market, however, since it includes a significant portion of the total value of the market, it also represents the market.

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Disclosures

Fixed income:

The Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index includes all publicly issued zero-coupon US Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non convertible.

The **Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index** is a multi-currency flagship measure of the global high yield debt market. The index represents the union of the US High Yield, the Pan-European High Yield, and Emerging Markets (EM) Hard Currency High Yield Indices. The high yield and emerging markets sub-components are mutually exclusive. Until January 1, 2011, the index also included CMBS high yield securities. The **Bloomberg Barclays Municipal Index**: consists of a broad selection of investment-grade general obligation and revenue bonds of maturities ranging from one year to 30 years. It is an unmanaged index representative of the tax-exempt bond market.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Dollar Floating Rate Note (FRN) Index provides a measure of the U.S. dollar denominated floating rate note market.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Corporate Investment Grade Index is an unmanaged index consisting of publicly issued US Corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB or higher) by at least two ratings agencies, have at least one year to final maturity and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding. To qualify, bonds must be SEC- registered. The Bloomberg Barclays US High Yield Index covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Mortgage Backed Securities Index is an unmanaged index that measures the performance of investment grade fixed-rate mortgage backed pass-through securities of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC.

The Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Global Index (EMBI) includes U.S. dollar denominated Brady bonds, Eurobonds, traded loans and local market debt instruments issued by sovereign and quasisovereign entities.

The J.P. Morgan Domestic High Yield Index is designed to mirror the investable universe of the U.S. dollar domestic high yield corporate debt market.

The J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (CEMBI Broad Diversified) is an expansion of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index (CEMBI). The CEMBI is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of U.S. dollar denominated emerging market corporate bonds.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBI Global Diversified) tracks total returns for U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasisovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds. The index limits the exposure of some of the larger countries.

The J.P. Morgan GBI EM Global Diversified tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments, whose debt is accessible by most of the international investor base.

Other asset classes: The Alerian MLP Index is a composite of the 50 most prominent energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) that provides investors with an unbiased, comprehensive benchmark for the asset dass. The Bloomberg Commodity Index and related subindices are composed of futures contracts on physical commodities and represents twenty two separate commodities traded on U.S. exchanges, with the exception of aluminum, nickel, and zinc. The Cambridge Associates U.S. Global Buyout and Growth Index® is based on data compiled from 1,768 global (U.S. & ex - U.S.) buyout and growth equity funds, including fully liquidated partnerships, formed between 1986 and 2013. The CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index is compiled by Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC, It is an asset-weighted hedge fund index and includes only funds. as opposed to separate accounts. The Index uses the Credit Suisse/Tremont database, which tracks over 4500 funds, and consists only of funds with a minimum of US\$50 million under management, a 12-month track record, and audited financial statements. It is calculated and rebalanced on a monthly basis, and shown net of all performance fees and expenses. It is the exclusive property of Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. The HFRI Monthly Indices (HFRI) are equally weighted performance indexes, utilized by numerous hedge fund managers as a benchmark for their own hedge funds. The HFRI are broken down into 4 main strategies. each with multiple sub strategies. All single-manager HFRI Index constituents are included in the HFRI Fund Weighted Composite, which accounts for over 2200 funds listed on the internal HFR Database. The NAREIT EQUITY REIT index is designed to provide the most comprehensive assessment of overall industry performance and includes all tax-gualified real estate investment trusts (REITs) that are listed on the NYSE, the American Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ National Market List. The NF+ODCE, short for NCREIF Fund Index - Open End Diversified Core Equity, is an index of investment returns reporting on both a historical and current basis the results of 33 open-end commingled funds pursuing a core investment strategy, some of which have performance histories dating back to the 1970s. The NFI-ODCE Index is capitalization-weighted and is reported gross of fees. Measurement is time-weighted.

The U.S. Treasury Index is a component of the U.S. Government index.

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