

JULY 2023 – MARKET REVIEW

July 10, 2023

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07/10/2023

AssetGrade Market Summary – July 2023 Review Markets Improving...But Why is Consumer Still Gloomy?

- Investors continue to enjoy gains across the equity and fixed income markets. Large Cap Equities, as
 measured by the S&P 500 Index returned 16.9% in the first half of 2023. The S&P 500 Index is a market
 cap weighted index. The robust return was fueled by overall multiple expansion particularly among the
 "Magnificent Seven,": Apple, Microsoft, Alphabet, Amazon, Nvidia, Tesla, and Meta.
- After years of extremely low interest rates, investors with cash on the sidelines are being rewarded. Interest rates on US Treasuries, with maturities ranging from 1 month to 10 years are the highest in 15 years.
- International equities remain favorably valued relative to their US counterparts even as the global economy has gained steam, due to an increase in travel and leisure overseas. After reaching a 20 year high in September, the US Dollar has fallen 10% through June. Historically, a weak dollar has been associated with strong international equity performance due to currency translation.
- The US Consumer is an important component to the US economy representing 68% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP). If consumer sentiment remains low (relative to historical standards), we may see a slow down in the economy. The potential recession has been one of the most forecasted recessions in history and may be avoided because of the unpredictable nature of the post-pandemic economy.
- The unemployment rate is hovering near 50 year low due to low labor force participation and an aging American population. Labor force participation may edge up as people spend their savings/excess cash and need to pay for their renewed enthusiasm for travel and new experiences.
- Staying diversified and taking a long-term approach matters. If you have a financial plan that appropriately considers your goals and time horizon, do not overreact to market forces. If your circumstances or goals do change, call your advisor to **stay invested for your future success**!

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AssetGrade Market Summary Asset Class Returns

Year to Date through 6/30/23, only Commodities posted a negative return. Diversified portfolios rebounded nicely from their negative return in

2022.

															2008 - 2022		
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD	Ann.	Vol.
Fixed Income	EM Equity	REITS	REITS	REITs	Small Cap	REITS	REITS	Sm all Cap	EM Equity	Cash	Large Cap	Sm all Cap	REITS	Comdty.	Large Cap	Large Cap	REITS
5.2%	79.0%	27.9%	8.3%	19.7%	38.8%	28.0%	2.8%	21.3%	37.8%	1.8%	31.5%	20.0%	41.3%	16.1%	16.9%	8.8%	23.4%
Cash	High	Small	Fixed	High	Large	Large	Large	High	DM	Fixed	REITS	EM	Large	Cash	DM	Small	Small
	Yield	Сар	Income	Yield	Сар	Сар	Сар	Yield	Equity	Income		Equity	Сар		Equity	Сар	Сар
1.8%	59.4%	26.9%	7.8%	19.6%	32.4%	13.7%	1.4%	14.3%	25.6%	0.0%	28.7%	18.7%	28.7%	1.5%	12.1%	7.2%	23.2%
Asset Alloc.	DM Equity	EM Equity	High Yield	EM Equity	DM Equity	Fixed Income	Fixed Income	Large Cap	Large Cap	REITS	Sm all Cap	Large Cap	Comdty.	High Yield	Small Cap	REITS	EM Equity
-25 4%	32.5%	19.2%	3.1%	18.6%	23.3%	6.0%	0.5%	12.0%	21.8%	-4.0%	25.5%	18.4%	27.1%	-12.7%	8.1%	6.6%	23.0%
High	REITs	Comdty.	Large	DM	Asset	Asset	Cash	Comdty.	Sm all	High	DM	Asset	Small	Fixed	Asset	Asset	Comdty.
Yield			Сар	Equity	Allec.	Allec.			Сар	Yield	Equity	Affoc.	Сар	Income	Alloc.	Alloc.	
-26.9%	28.0%	16.8%	2.1%	17.9%	14/9%	5.2%	0.0%	11.8%	14.6%	-4.1%	22.7%	10.6%	14.8%	-13.0%	7.8%	6.1%	20.2%
Small	Small	Large	Cash	Small	High	Small	DM	EM	Asset	Large	Asset	DM	Asset	Asset	High	High	DM
Cap -33.8%	Cap 27.2%	Cap 15.1%	0.1%	Cap 16.3%	Yie Id 7.3%	Cap 4.9%	Equity -0.4%	Equity 11.6%	Alloc. 14.6%	Cap -4.4%	Alfoc. 19.5%	Equity 8.3%	Al <mark>loc.</mark> 13.5%	Alloc. -13.9%	Yield 5.2%	Yield 5.4%	Equity 20.0%
-00.070					1.570	4.570		11.070					DM	DM	EM		
Comdty.	Large Cap	High Yield	Asset Allec.	Large Cap	REITS	Cash	Asset Alloc.	REITS	/ High Yield	Asset Alloc.	EM Equity	Fixed Income	Equity	Equity	Equity	Fixed Income	Large Cap
-35.6%	26.5%	14.8%	-0.7%	16.0%	2.9%	0.0%	-2.0%	8.6%	10.4%	-5.8%	18.9%	7.5%	11.8%	-14.0%	5.1%	2.7%	17.7%
Large	Asset	Asset	Sm all	Asset	Cash	High	High	Asset	REITs	Small	High	High	High	Large	REITs	DM	High
Сар	Alloc.	Alløc.	Сар	Alloc.		Yield	Yield	Allec.		Сар	Yield	Yield	Yield	Сар		Equity	Yield
-37.0%	25.0%	13.3%	-4.2%	12.2%	0.0%	0.0%	-2.7%	8.3%	8.7%	-11.0%	12.6%	7.0%	1.0%	-18.1%	3.0%	2.3%	13.0%
REITs	Comdty.	DM	DM	Fixed	Fixed	EM	Small	Fixed	Fixed	Comdty.	Fixed	Cash	Cash	EM	Cash	EM	Asset
-37.7%	18.9%	Equity 8.2%	Equity -11.7%	Income 4.2%	Income -2.0%	Equity -1.8%	Cap -4.4%	Income 2.6%	Income 3.5%	-11.2%	Income 8.7%	0.5%	0.0%	Equity -19.7%	2.3%	Equity 1.0%	Alloc. 12.4%
			-11.7/0	4.2 /0					5.570		0.7 /0	0.5 /0				1.0 /0	
DM Equity	Fixed Income	Fixed Income	Comdty.	Cash	EM Equity	DM Equity	EM Equity	DM Equity	Comdty.	DM Equity	Comdty.	Comdty.	Fixed Income	Sm all Cap	Fixed Income	Cash	Fixed Income
-43.1%	5.9%	6.5%	-13.3%	0.1%	-2.3%	-4.5%	-14.6%	1.5%	1.7%	-13.4%	7.7%	-3.1%	-1.5%	-20.4%	2.1%	0.6%	4.2%
EM	Cach	Cook	EM	Comdte	Comdtu	Comdtu	Comdtu	Cook	Cook	EM	Cash	DELT	EM	DELT	Comdte	Comdte	Cash
Equity	Cash	Cash	Equity	Comdty.	Comdty.	Comdty.	Comdty.	Cash	Cash	Equity	Cash	REITS	Equity	REITS	Comdty.	Comdty.	Cash
-53.2%	0.1%	0.1%	-18.2%	-1.1%	-9.5%	-17.0%	-24.7%	0.3%	0.8%	-14.2%	2.2%	-5.1%	-2.2%	-24.9%	-7.8%	-2.6%	0.4%

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, NAREIT, Russell, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

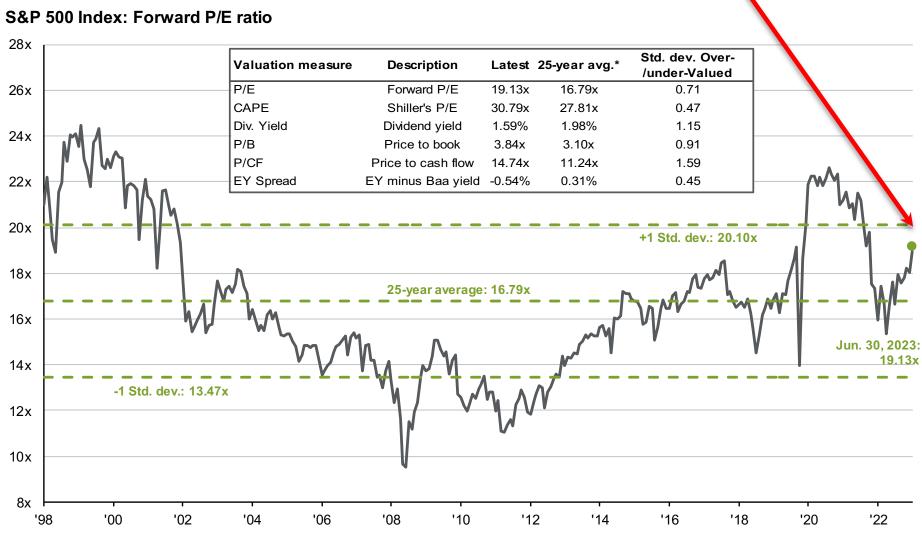
Large cap: S&P 500, Small cap: Russell 2000, EM Equity: MSCI EME, DM Equity: MSCI EAFE, Comdty: Bloomberg Commodity Index, High Yield: Bloomberg Global HY Index, Fixed Income: Bloomberg US Aggregate, REITs: NAREIT Equity REIT Index, Cash: Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio assumes the following weights: 25% in the S&P 500, 10% in the Russell 2000, 15% in the MSCI EAFE, 5% in the MSCI EME, 25% in the Bloomberg US Aggregate, 5% in the Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity Index and 5% in the NAREIT Equity REIT Index. Balanced portfolio assumes annual rebalancing. Annualized (Ann.) return and volatility (Vol.) represents period from 12/31/2007 to 12/31/2022. Please see disclosure page at end for index definitions. All data represents total return for stated period. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio is for illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



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AssetGrade Market Summary S&P 500 valuation measures

While markets began recovering from last years lows, current valuations still look attractive relative to 2021



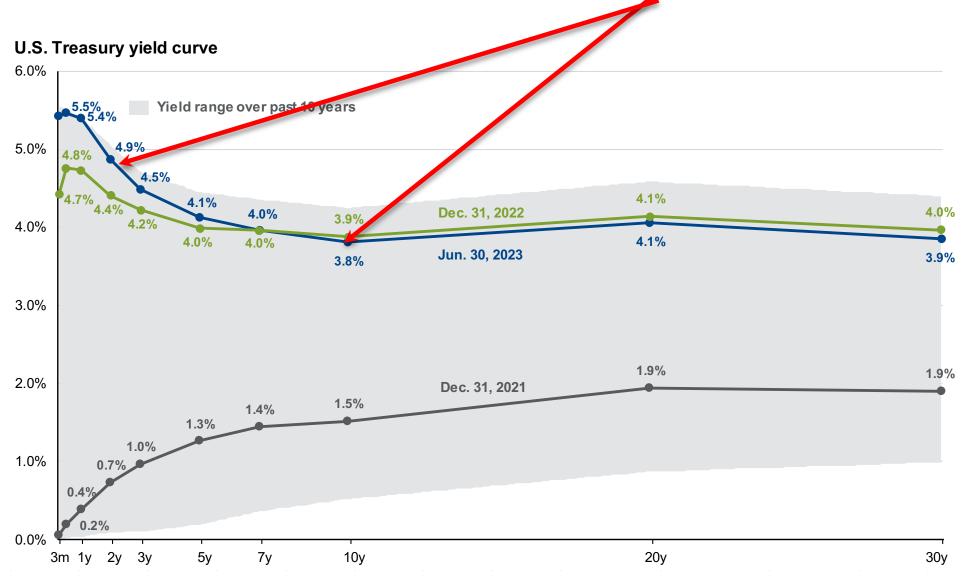
Source: FactSet, FRB, Refinitiv Datastream, Robert Shiller, Standard & Poor's, Thomson Reuters, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Price-to-earnings is price divided by consensus analyst estimates of earnings per share for the next 12 months as provided by IBES since June 1998 and by FactSet since January 2022. Current next 12-months consensus earnings estimates are \$233. Average P/E and standard deviations are calculated using 25 years of history. Shiller's P/E uses trailing 10-years of inflation-adjusted earnings as reported by companies. Dividend yield is calculated as the next 12-months consensus dividend divided by most recent price. Price-to-book ratio is the price divided by book value per share. Price-to-cash flow is price divided by NTM cash flow. EY minus Baa yield is the forward earnings yield (consensus analyst estimates of EPS over the next 12 months divided by price) minus the Moody's Baa seasoned corporate bond yield. Std. dev. over-/under-valued is calculated using the average and standard deviation over 25 years for each measure. *P/CF is a 20-year average due to cash flow availability. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.

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AssetGrade Market Summary Yield curve

Shorter term Treasury rates have moved higher. Resulting in a greater inverted yield curve, as measured by the difference between the 2 year and 10 year Treasury bond. The 2 to 10 year spreads went from 0.5% to 1.1%



Source: FactSet, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



AssetGrade Market Summary International Equity Earnings and Valuations

Global earnings estimates

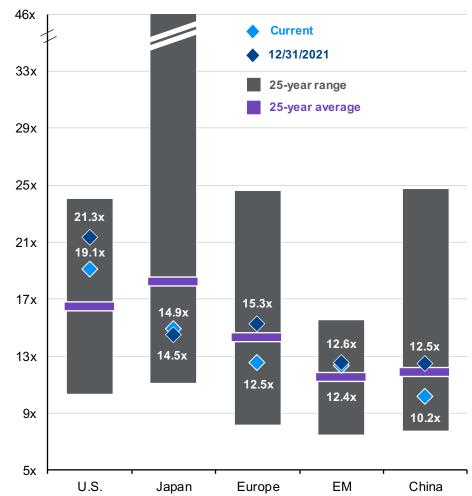
Jun. 2003 = 100, next 12 months consensus estimates, U.S. dollars

500 46x Japan 450 China 33x Recession EM 400 Europe 29x •U.S. 350 25x 300 21.3x \Diamond 250 21x 19.1x \bigcirc 200 17x 150 13x 100 9x 50 0 5x '03 '05 '07 '09 '11 '13 '15 '17 '19 '21 '23 U.S.

Across the pond, international valuations are more favorable than US. In 2023, the global economy gained speed, due to falling energy prices and an uptick in travel and leisure spending.

Global valuations

Current and 25-year next 12 months price-to-earnings ratio



Source: FactSet, MSCI, Standard & Poor's, Thomson Reuters, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Next 12 months consensus estimates are based on pro-forma earnings and are in U.S. dollars. MSCI Europe includes the eurozone as well as countries not in the currency bloc, such as Norway, Sweden, Switzerland and the UK (which collectively make up 44% of the overall index). The purple lines for EM and China show 20year averages due to a lack of available data. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



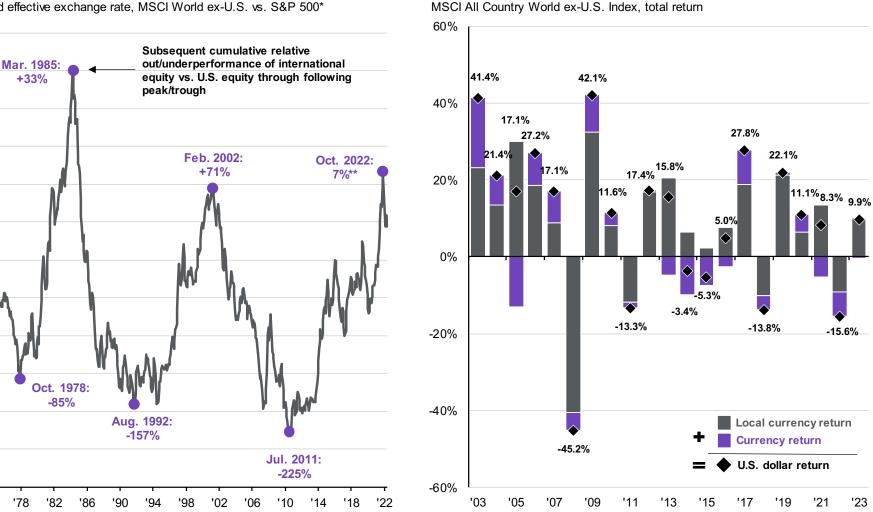
AssetGrade Market Summary Currency and international equity returns

U.S. dollar and relative international equity returns

Real broad effective exchange rate, MSCI World ex-U.S. vs. S&P 500*

The US Dollar reached a 20 year high in September, but now has fallen 10% through June. A lower US Dollar has historically been followed by a period of outperformance by foreign investments.

Currency impact on international returns



Source: MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management; (Left) J.P. Morgan Global Economic Research.

*U.S. dollar is the J.P. Morgan Global Economic Research real broad effective exchange rate (CPI) indexed to 100 in 1974. Relative international equity returns are cumulative, total returns in U.S. dollars and are calculated as MSCI World ex.-U.S. minus S&P 500 for each period of U.S. dollar peak/trough. **Data since Oct. 2022 represents the relative outperformance to the latest month end. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of June 30, 2023.



135

130

125

120

115

110

105

100

95

90

85

80

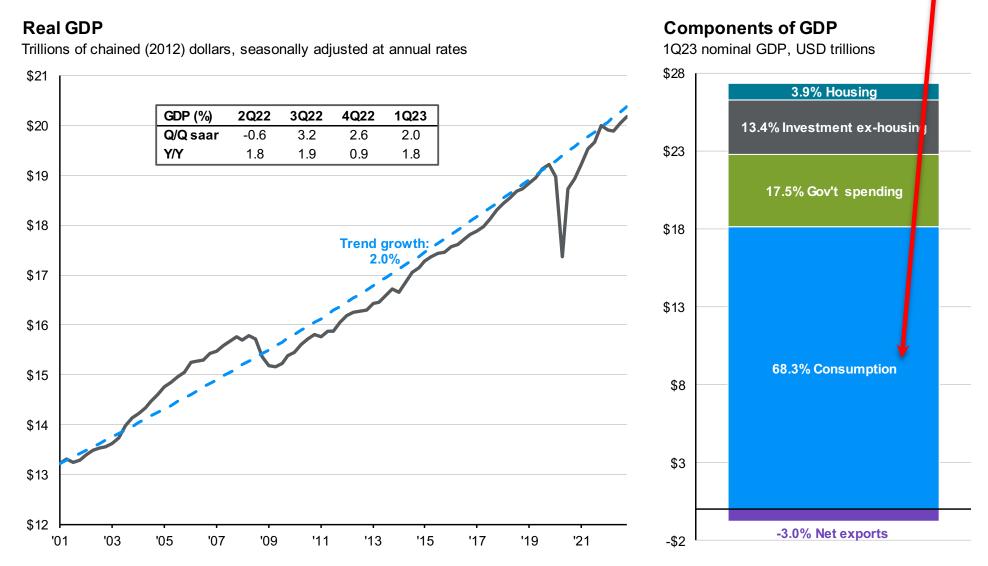
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AssetGrade Market Summary

Consumers are important to economic growth, as they represent over 68% of GDP.

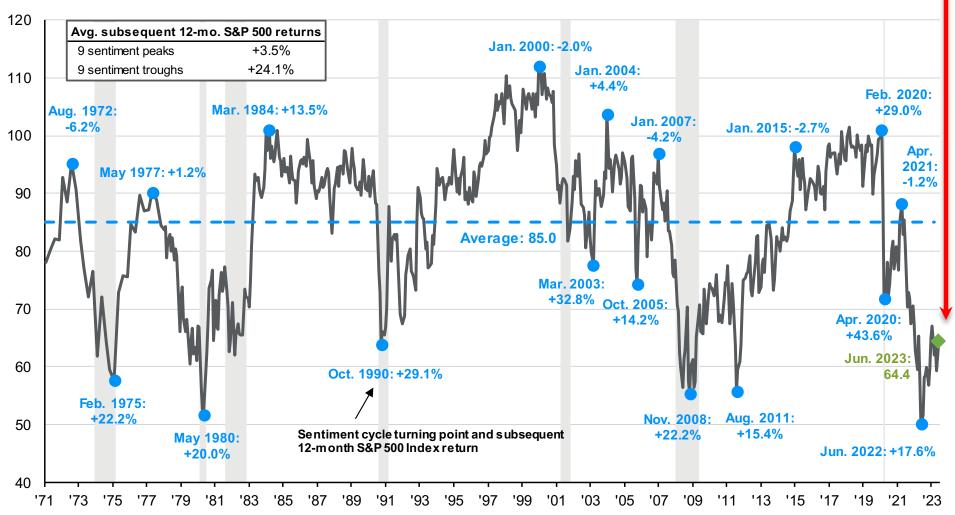


Source: BEA, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. Trend growth is measured as the average annual growth rate from business cycle peak 1Q01 to business cycle peak 4Q19. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



AssetGrade Market Summary Consumer Confidence and the Stock Market

Consumer sentiment still remans low even though the economic numbers are better than average.



Consumer Sentiment Index and subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns

Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, University of Michigan, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

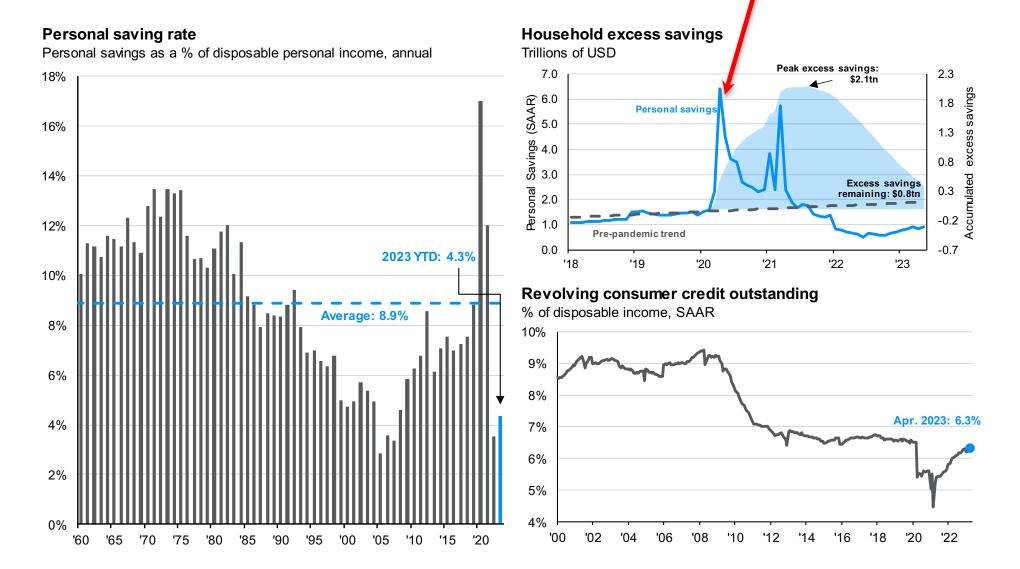
Peak is defined as the highest index value before a series of lower lows, while a trough is defined as the lowest index value before a series of higher highs. Subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns are price returns only starting from the end of the month and excluding dividends. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results.

Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of June 30, 2023.



AssetGrade Market Summary Consumer Saving and Borrowing

Personal savings rate rose in 2020 due to extra checks from the government, savings rate is now below average as people try and maintain standard of living without stimulus checks



Source: BEA, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. From March 2020 to August 2021, consumers amassed a peak \$2.1 trillion in excess savings relative to the pre-pandemic trend. Since August 2021, consumers have drawn down on those excess savings, with the remaining reflected in the chart annotation. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.

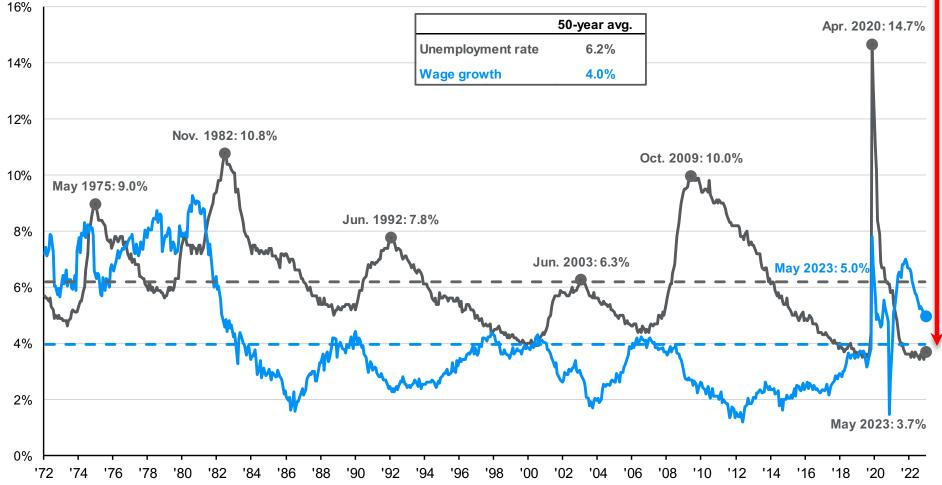


AssetGrade Market Summary Unemployment and Wages

Unemployment rate hovers near 50 year low, due to smaller labor force participation and baby-boomers facing retirement

Civilian unemployment rate and year-over-year wage growth

Private production and non-supervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, percent

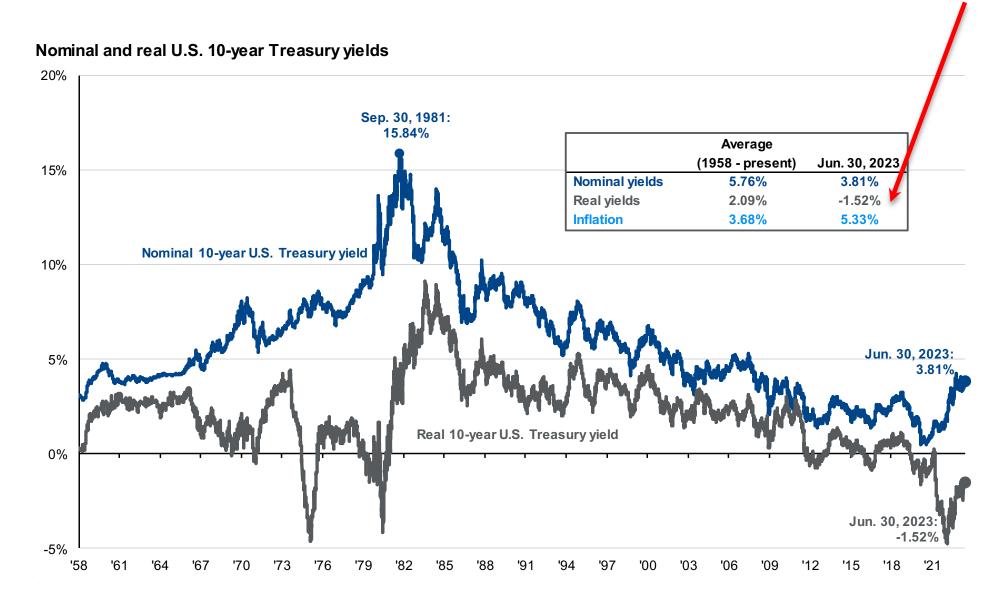


Source: BLS, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Private production and non-supervisory jobs represent just over 80% of total private nonfarm jobs. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



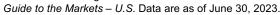
AssetGrade Market Summary Interest Rates and Inflation

Although yields have increased and inflation has cooled, real yields (returns that an investor earns from interest payments after inflation) are still negative.



Source: BLS, FactSet, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

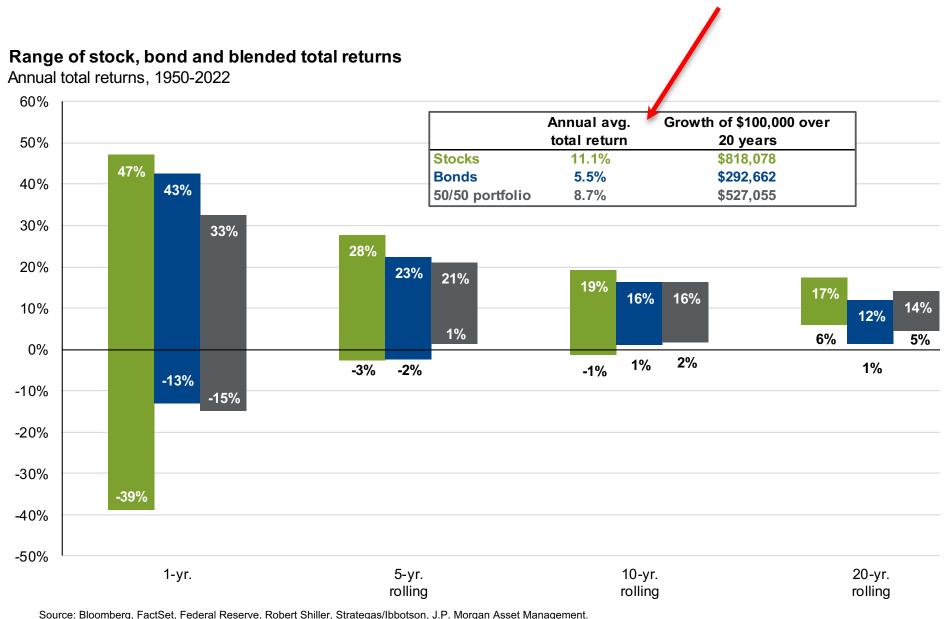
Real 10-year Treasury yields are calculated as the daily Treasury yield less year-over-year core CPI inflation for that month. For the current month, we use the prior month's core CPI figures until the latest data is available.





Time, diversification and the volatility of returns

Staying diversified and taking a longterm approach matters



Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Federal Reserve, Robert Shiller, Strategas/Ibbotson, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Returns shown are based on calendar year returns from 1950 to 2021. Stocks represent the S&P 500 Shiller Composite and Bonds represent Strategas/Ibbotson for periods from 1950 to 2010 and Bloomberg Aggregate thereafter. Growth of \$100,000 is based on annual average total returns from 1950 to 2022. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of June 30, 2023.



Appendix



Disclosures

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All indexes are unmanaged, and an individual cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not include fees or expenses.

Equities:

The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip U.S. stocks.

The MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The MSCI EAFE Index(Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets.

The MSCI Europe Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure developed market equity performance in Europe.

The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the Pacific region.

The Russell 1000 Index® measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000.

The Russell 1000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 1000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Index® measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index.

The Russell 2000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 3000 Index® measures the performance of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization.

The Russell Midcap Index® measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.

The Russell Midcap Growth Index ® measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Growth index.

The Russell Midcap Value Index (8) measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Value index.

The S&P 500 Index is widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market. The index includes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. The S&P 500 Index focuses on the large-cap segment of the market; however, since it includes a significant portion of the total value of the market, it also represents the market.

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Disclosures

Fixed income:

The Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index includes all publicly issued zero-coupon US Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non convertible.

The **Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index** is a multi-currency flagship measure of the global high yield debt market. The index represents the union of the US High Yield, the Pan-European High Yield, and Emerging Markets (EM) Hard Currency High Yield Indices. The high yield and emerging markets sub-components are mutually exclusive. Until January 1, 2011, the index also included CMBS high yield securities.

The Bloomberg Barclays Municipal Index: consists of a broad selection of investment-grade general obligation and revenue bonds of maturities ranging from one year to 30 years. It is an unmanaged index representative of the tax-exempt bond market.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Dollar Floating Rate Note (FRN) Index provides a measure of the U.S. dollar denominated floating rate note market.

The **Bloomberg Barclays US Corporate Investment Grade Index** is an unmanaged index consisting of publicly issued US Corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB or higher) by at least two ratings agencies, have at least one year to final maturity and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding. To qualify, bonds must be SEC-registered.

The Bloomberg Barclays US High Yield Index covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Mortgage Backed Securities Index is an unmanaged index that measures the performance of investment grade fixed-rate mortgage backed pass-through securities of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC.

The Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Global Index(EMBI)includes U.S. dollar denominated Brady bonds, Eurobonds, traded loans and local market debt instruments issued by sovereign and quasisovereign entities.

The J.P. Morgan Domestic High Yield Index is designed to mirror the investable universe of the U.S. dollar domestic high yield corporate debt market.

The J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (CEMBI Broad Diversified) is an expansion of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index (CEMBI). The CEMBI is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of U.S. dollar denominated emerging market corporate bonds.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBI Global Diversified) tracks total returns for U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasisovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds. The index limits the exposure of some of the larger countries.

The J.P. Morgan GBI EM Global Diversified tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments, whose debt is accessible by most of the international investor base.

Other asset classes: The Alerian MLP Index is a composite of the 50 most prominent energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) that provides investors with an unbiased, comprehensive benchmark for the asset class. The Bloomberg Commodity Index and related sub-indices are composed of futures contracts on physical commodities and represents twenty two separate commodities traded on U.S. exchanges, with the exception of aluminum, nickel, and zinc. The Cambridge Associates U.S. Global Buyout and Growth Index® is based on data compiled from 1,768 global (U.S. & ex – U.S.) buyout and growth equity funds, including fully liquidated partnerships, formed between 1986 and 2013. The CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index is compiled by Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. It is an asset-weighted hedge fund index and includes only funds, as opposed to separate accounts. The Index uses the Credit Suisse/Tremont database, which tracks over 4500 funds, and consists only of funds with a minimum of US\$50 million under management, a 12-month track record, and audited financial statements. It is calculated and rebalanced on a monthly basis, and shown net of all performance fees and expenses. It is the exclusive property of Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. The HFRI Monthly Indices (HFRI) are equally weighted performance indexes, utilized by numerous hedge fund managers as a benchmark for their own hedge funds. The HFRI are broken down into 4 main strategies, each with multiple sub strategies. All single-manager HFRI Index constituents are included in the HFRI Fund Weighted Composite, which accounts for over 2200 funds listed on the internal HFR Database. The NAREIT EQUITY REIT Index is designed to provide the most comprehensive assessment of overall industry performance and includes all tax-qualified real estate investment trusts (REITs) that are listed on the NYSE, the American Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ National Market List. The NFI-ODCE, short for NCREIF Fund Index - Open End Diversified Core Equity, is an index of investment returns repo

The U.S. Treasury Index is a component of the U.S. Government index.

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